Linkmeny 28, LT-08217 Vilnius, Lithuania Phone 2752-630, fax 2752-629 E-mail: smlab@vgtu.lt

TEST REPORT Nr. 1-12-2015

2015-03-25 1(1)

Valid for the tested testing object

1. CUSTOMER:

OOO "Scanroc", Volgogradskaja str., 41, 03141, Kiev, Ukraine

2. PRODUCER:

OOO "Scanroc", Volgogradskaja g., 41, 03141, Kijevas, Ukraina

3. PRODUCT:

Concrete (facade) stone ($600 \times 105 \times 30$) mm

4. RECEIVING DATE: 2015-01-12

5. TESTING DATA: 2015-01-12 to 2015-03-24

6. TEST LOCATION:

Sector of building products of laboratory of building materials

7. SAMPLES SELECTED BY:

Samples sent to the laboratory for customer

8. TESTS WERE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH: LST EN 490:2012, LST EN 491:2011

9. TEST RESULTS:

The Name of a Parameter	Test Method(s)	Test Result
Hanging length, mm	LST EN 491:2011, 5.2.3.1	see Annex 1
Squareness, mm	LST EN 491:2011, 5.2.3.1	1
	LST EN 490:2012, 5.2.1	
Cover width, mm	LST EN 491:2011, 5.3.3.2	599
Flatness, mm	LST EN 491:2011, 5.4	Does not exceed 3 mm
Mass, g	LST EN 491:2011, 5.5	2825
Minimum transverse strenght, N	LST EN 491:2011, 5.6	$F_{\min} = 930$
Water impermeability	LST EN 491:2011, 5.7	Within 20 h \pm 5 min. water drops falling
		from the underside of the samples, did not
		form
Durability (freeze-thaw resistance):	LST EN 491:2011, 5.8	
- water impermeability (after 25, 100		Within 20 h \pm 5 min. water drops falling
and 150 cycles of freezing-thawing):		from the underside of the samples, did not
		form;
- minimum transverse strenght, N		$F_{\min} = 1080$
(after 25 cycles of freezing-thawing):		
- minimum transverse strenght, N		$F_{\min} = 1060$
(after 100 cycles of freezing-thawing):		
- minimum transverse strenght, N		$F_{\min} = 950$
(after 150 cycles of freezing-thawing):		
Nib support	LST EN 491:2011, 5.9	Test specimens held without falling not
		less than 1 min.

10. OTHER INFORMATION: -

11. ANNEXES: the data of tests' results are presented in annex 1 (4 sheet)

Head of laboratory

Termoizoliacijos mokslo institutas Statybinių medžiagų laboratorija

Viktor Kizinievič

Head of sector of building products

Jolanta Pranckevičienė

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Annex 1

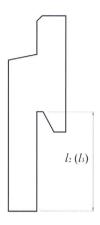
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1. DETERMINATION OF HANGING LENGTH AND SQUARENESS

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.2.3.1.

The principled scheme of measurement is presented in the figure. Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of $(600\times105\times30)$ mm.

Squareness was calculated according to LST EN 490:2012 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Product specifications" requirements of section 5.2.1.



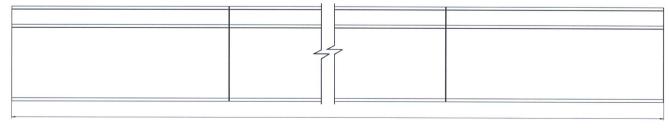
Principled scheme of measurement

No.	Dimension l_2 ,	Dimension l_3 ,	Average dimension l_1 ,	Squareness l_3 - l_2 ,
110.	mm	mm	mm	mm
1	39	40	40	1 ≤ 4 mm
2	38	39	39	1 ≤ 4 mm
3	38	39	39	1 ≤ 4 mm

2. DETERMINATION OF COVER WIDTH

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.3.3.2.

The principled scheme of measurement is presented in the figure. Number of samples: 10 samples with the size of $(600 \times 105 \times 30)$ mm.



Cwc

Principled scheme of measurement

No.	Cover width of 10 samples $c_{\rm wc}$,	Mean cover width $c_{\rm w}$,
140.	mm	mm
1	5991	599

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3. DETERMINATION OF FLATNESS

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.4.

The steel round bars with a diameter of 3 mm and $c_{\rm w}/100 = 6$ mm were used. Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of $(600 \times 105 \times 30)$ mm.

No.	Test with 6 mm diameter	Test with 3 mm diameter
NO.	steel round bar	steel round bar
1	The clearance is less than 6 mm	The clearance is less than 3 mm
	in diameter of steel round bar	in diameter of steel round bar
2	The clearance is less than 6 mm	The clearance is less than 3 mm
	in diameter of steel round bar	in diameter of steel round bar
3	The clearance is less than 6 mm	The clearance is less than 3 mm
	in diameter of steel round bar	in diameter of steel round bar

4. DETERMINATION OF MASS

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.5.

Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of (600×105×30) mm.

No.	Mass of sample,	Mean mass of sample,
110.	g	g
1	2850	
2	2825	2825
3	2825	

5. DETERMINATION OF TRANSVERSE STRENGHT

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.6. Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of $(600 \times 105 \times 30)$ mm.

The distance between the supports - 200 mm. The distance between the supports was selected taking into account the manufacturer's installation manual for concrete (facade) stone products and consisted of 2/3 of the distance between the vertical axes of mounting profiles.

No.	Maximum transverse strength, N	
1	1010	
2	$F_{\min} = 930$	
3	980	

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6. DETERMINATION OF WATER IMPERMEABILITY

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.7, using the test apparatus presented in figure a) of the standard. Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of $(600 \times 105 \times 30)$ mm.

No.	Within 20 h \pm 5 min. water drops falling from the underside of the samples	
1	Did not form	
2	Did not form	
3	Did not form	

7. DETERMINATION OF DURABILITY (FREEZE-THAW RESISTANCE)

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.8. Number of samples: 9 samples with the size of (600×105×30) mm. The freeze-thaw test was conducted on samples for 25, 100 and 150 cycles. After 25, 100 and 150 cycles of freezing-thawing, no damage was detected.

After 25, 100 and 150 cycles of freezing-thawing, water impermeability according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.7 and transverse strength according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.6 were determined. The distance between the supports - 200 mm. Test results are presented in table.

No.	Within 20 h \pm 5 min. water drops falling from the underside of the samples	Maximum transverse strength, N	
	After 25 cycles of freezing-thawing		
1	Did not form	$F_{\min} = 1080$	
2	Did not form	1160	
3	Did not form	1220	
	After 100 cycles of freezing-thawing		
4	Did not form	$F_{\min} = 1060$	
5	Did not form	1200	
6	Did not form	1100	
	After 150 cycles of freezing-thawing		
7	Did not form	$F_{\min} = 950$	
8	Did not form	1060	
9	Did not form	1020	

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8. NIB SUPPORT

The test was determined according to LST EN 491:2011 "Concrete roofing tiles and fittings for roof covering and wall cladding - Test methods" requirements of section 5.9. Number of samples: 3 samples with the size of $(600 \times 105 \times 30)$ mm.

No.	The test sample held without falling:
1	Not less than 1 min.
2	Not less than 1 min.
3	Not less than 1 min.

Test were carried out by:

V. Pukienė

V. Kizinievič